1	(corrected draft 2.1 to display struck language on pp. 18-19)
2	TO THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES:
3	The Committee on Health Care to which was referred House Bill No. 353
4	entitled "An act relating to pharmacy benefit management" respectfully reports
5	that it has considered the same and recommends that the bill be amended by
6	striking out all after the enacting clause and inserting in lieu thereof the
7	following:
8	Sec. 1. INTENT
9	It is the intent of the General Assembly to increase access to needed
10	medications by making prescription drugs more affordable and accessible
11	to Vermonters by increasing State regulation of pharmacy benefit
12	managers and pharmacy benefit management. It is also the intent of the
13	General Assembly to stabilize and safeguard against the loss of more
14	independent and community pharmacies, where pharmacists provide
15	personalized care to Vermonters and help them with their health care
16	needs, including medication management, medication adherence, and
17	health screenings.
18	Sec. 2. 18 V.S.A. chapter 221, subchapter 9 is amended to read:
19	Subchapter 9. Pharmacy Benefit Managers
20	§ 9471. DEFINITIONS
21	As used in this subchapter:

1	* * *
2	(2) "Health insurer" is defined by section 9402 of this title and shall
3	include:
4	(A) a health insurance company, a nonprofit hospital and medical
5	service corporation, and health maintenance organizations;
6	(B) an employer, labor union, or other group of persons organized in
7	Vermont that provides a health plan to beneficiaries who are employed or
8	reside in Vermont; and
9	(C) the State of Vermont and any agent or instrumentality of the State
10	that offers, administers, or provides financial support to State government; and
11	(D) Medicaid, and any other public health care assistance program.
12	* * *
13	§ 9472. PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGERS; REQUIRED PRACTICES
14	WITH RESPECT TO HEALTH INSURERS AND COVERED
15	<u>PERSONS</u>
16	(a) A pharmacy benefit manager that provides pharmacy benefit
17	management for a health plan shall discharge its duties with reasonable care
18	and diligence and be fair and truthful under the circumstances then prevailing
19	that a pharmacy benefit manager acting in like capacity and familiar with such
20	matters would use in the conduct of an enterprise of a like character and with
21	like aims has a fiduciary duty to its health insurer client that includes a duty to

- be fair and truthful toward the health insurer, to act in the health insurer's best interests, and to perform its duties with care, skill, prudence, and diligence. In the case of a health benefit plan offered by a health insurer as defined by subdivision 9471(2)(A) of this title, the health insurer shall remain responsible for administering the health benefit plan in accordance with the health insurance policy or subscriber contract or plan and in compliance with all applicable provisions of Title 8 and this title.
- (b) A pharmacy benefit manager shall provide notice to the health insurer that the terms contained in subsection (c) of this section may be included in the contract between the pharmacy benefit manager and the health insurer.
- (c) A pharmacy benefit manager that provides pharmacy benefit management for a health plan shall <u>do all of the following</u>:
- (1) Provide all financial and utilization information requested by a health insurer relating to the provision of benefits to beneficiaries through that health insurer's health plan and all financial and utilization information relating to services to that health insurer. A pharmacy benefit manager providing information under this subsection may designate that material as confidential. Information designated as confidential by a pharmacy benefit manager and provided to a health insurer under this subsection may shall not be disclosed by the health insurer to any person without the consent of the

1	pharmacy benefit manager, except that disclosure may be made by the health
2	insurer:
3	(A) in a court filing under the consumer protection provisions of 9
4	V.S.A. chapter 63, provided that the information shall be filed under seal and
5	that prior to the information being unsealed, the court shall give notice and an
6	opportunity to be heard to the pharmacy benefit manager on why the
7	information should remain confidential;
8	(B) to State and federal government officials;
9	(C) when authorized by 9 V.S.A. chapter 63;
10	(C)(D) when ordered by a court for good cause shown; or
11	(D)(E) when ordered by the Commissioner as to a health insurer as
12	defined in subdivision 9471(2)(A) of this title pursuant to the provisions of
13	Title 8 and this title.
14	(2) Notify a health insurer in writing of any proposed or ongoing
15	activity, policy, or practice of the pharmacy benefit manager that presents,
16	directly or indirectly, any conflict of interest with the requirements of this
17	section.
18	(3) With regard to the dispensation of a substitute prescription drug for a
19	prescribed drug to a beneficiary in which the substitute drug costs more than
20	the prescribed drug and the pharmacy benefit manager receives a benefit or
21	payment directly or indirectly, disclose to the health insurer the cost of both

- drugs and the benefit or payment directly or indirectly accruing to the
  pharmacy benefit manager as a result of the substitution.
  - (4) Unless the contract provides otherwise, if If the pharmacy benefit manager derives any payment or benefit for the dispensation of prescription drugs within the State based on volume of sales for certain prescription drugs or classes or brands of drugs within the State, pass that payment or benefit on in full to the health insurer.
  - (5) Disclose to the health insurer all financial terms and arrangements for remuneration of any kind that apply between the pharmacy benefit manager and any prescription drug manufacturer that relate to benefits provided to beneficiaries under or services to the health insurer's health plan, including formulary management and drug-switch programs, educational support, claims processing, and pharmacy network fees charged from retail pharmacies and data sales fees. A pharmacy benefit manager providing information under this subsection may designate that material as confidential. Information designated as confidential by a pharmacy benefit manager and provided to a health insurer under this subsection may shall not be disclosed by the health insurer to any person without the consent of the pharmacy benefit manager, except that disclosure may be made by the health insurer:
  - (A) in a court filing under the consumer protection provisions of 9V.S.A. chapter 63, provided that the information shall be filed under seal and

1	that prior to the information being unsealed, the court shall give notice and an
2	opportunity to be heard to the pharmacy benefit manager on why the
3	information should remain confidential;
4	(B) when authorized by 9 V.S.A. chapter 63;
5	(C) when ordered by a court for good cause shown; or
6	(D) when ordered by the Commissioner as to a health insurer as
7	defined in subdivision 9471(2)(A) of this title pursuant to the provisions of
8	Title 8 and this title.
9	(d) At least annually, a pharmacy benefit manager that provides
10	pharmacy benefit management for a health plan shall disclose to the
11	health insurer, the Department of Financial Regulation, and the Green
12	Mountain Care Board the aggregate amount the pharmacy benefit
13	manager retained on all claims charged to the health insurer for
14	prescriptions filled during the preceding calendar year in excess of the
15	amount the pharmacy benefit manager reimbursed pharmacies
16	A pharmacy benefit manager shall not conduct or participate in spread pricing
17	<del>in this State</del> .
18	(e) A pharmacy benefit manager contract with a health insurer shall not
19	contain any provision purporting to reserve discretion to the pharmacy benefit
20	manager to move a drug to a higher tier or remove a drug from its drug
21	formulary any more frequently than two times per year.

1	(f)(1) A pharmacy benefit manager shall not require a covered person
2	purchasing a covered prescription drug to pay an amount greater than the lesser
3	<u>of:</u>
4	(A) the cost-sharing amount under the terms of the health benefit
5	plan;
6	(B) the maximum allowable cost for the drug; or
7	(C) the amount the covered person would pay for the drug, after
8	application of any known discounts, if the covered person were paying the cash
9	price.
10	(2) Any amount paid by a covered person under subdivision (1) of this
11	subsection shall be attributed toward any deductible and, to the extent
12	consistent with Sec. 2707 of the Public Health Service Act (42 U.S.C.
13	§ 300gg-6), the annual out-of-pocket maximums under the covered person's
14	health benefit plan.
15	(g) Compliance with the requirements of this section is required for
16	pharmacy benefit managers entering into contracts with a health insurer in this
17	State for pharmacy benefit management in this State.
18	(h) In order to enable periodic verification of pricing arrangements in
19	administrative services only contracts, pharmacy benefit managers shall allow
20	access, in accordance with rules adopted by the Commissioner, by the health
21	insurer who is a party to the administrative services only contract to financial

1	and contractual information necessary to conduct a complete and independent
2	audit designed to verify the following:
3	(1) full pass through of negotiated drug prices and fees associated with
4	all drugs dispensed to beneficiaries of the health benefit plan in both retail and
5	mail order settings or resulting from any of the pharmacy benefit management
6	functions defined in the contract;
7	(2) full pass through of all financial remuneration associated with all
8	drugs dispensed to beneficiaries of the health benefit plan in both retail and
9	mail order settings or resulting from any of the pharmacy benefit management
10	functions defined in the contract; and
11	(3) any other verifications relating to the pricing arrangements and
12	activities of the pharmacy benefit manager required by the contract if required
13	by the Commissioner.
14	§ 9473. PHARMACY BENEFIT MANAGERS; REQUIRED PRACTICES
15	WITH RESPECT TO PHARMACIES
16	(a) Within 14 calendar days following receipt of a pharmacy claim, a
17	pharmacy benefit manager or other entity paying pharmacy claims shall do one
18	of the following:
19	(1) Pay or reimburse the claim.
20	(2) Notify the pharmacy in writing that the claim is contested or denied.
21	The notice shall include specific reasons supporting the contest or denial and a

1	description of any additional information required for the pharmacy benefit
2	manager or other payer to determine liability for the claim.
3	(b) A participation contract between a pharmacy benefit manager and a
4	pharmacist shall not prohibit, restrict, or penalize a pharmacy or pharmacist in
5	any way from disclosing to any covered person any health care information
6	that the pharmacy or pharmacist deems appropriate, including:
7	(1) the nature of treatment, risks, or alternatives to treatment;
8	(2) the availability of alternate therapies, consultations, or tests;
9	(3) the decision of utilization reviewers or similar persons to authorize
10	or deny services;
11	(4) the process that is used to authorize or deny health care services; or
12	(5) information on finance incentives and structures used by the health
13	<u>insurer.</u>
14	(b)(c) A pharmacy benefit manager or other entity paying pharmacy claims
15	shall not:
16	(1) impose a higher co-payment for a prescription drug than the co-
17	payment applicable to the type of drug purchased under the insured's health
18	<del>plan;</del>
19	(2) impose a higher co-payment for a prescription drug than the
20	maximum allowable cost for the drug;

1	(3) require a pharmacy to pass through any portion of the insured's co-
2	payment, or patient responsibility, to the pharmacy benefit manager or other
3	payer;
4	(2) prohibit a pharmacy or pharmacist from discussing information
5	regarding the total cost for pharmacist services for a prescription drug;
6	(4)(3) prohibit or penalize a pharmacy or pharmacist for providing
7	information to an insured regarding the insured's cost-sharing amount for a
8	prescription drug; or
9	(5)(4) prohibit or penalize a pharmacy or pharmacist for the pharmacist
10	or other pharmacy employee disclosing to an insured the cash price for a
11	prescription drug or selling a lower cost drug to the insured if one more
12	affordable alternative to the covered person if a more affordable alternative is
13	available.
14	(d) A pharmacy benefit manager contract with a participating pharmacist or
15	pharmacy shall not prohibit, restrict, or limit disclosure of information to the
16	
10	Commissioner, law enforcement, or State and federal government officials,
17	Commissioner, law enforcement, or State and federal government officials, provided that:
17	provided that:

1	(2) prior to disclosure of information designated as confidential, the
2	pharmacist or pharmacy:
3	(A) marks as confidential any document in which the information
4	appears; and
5	(B) requests confidential treatment for any oral communication of the
6	information.
7	(e) A pharmacy benefit manager shall not terminate a contract with or
8	penalize a pharmacist or pharmacy due to the pharmacist or pharmacy:
9	(1) disclosing information about pharmacy benefit manager practices,
10	except for information determined to be a trade secret under State law or by the
11	Commissioner, when disclosed in a manner other than in accordance with
12	subsection (d) of this section; or
13	(2) sharing any portion of the pharmacy benefit manager contract with
14	the Commissioner pursuant to a complaint or query regarding the contract's
15	compliance with the provisions of this chapter.
16	(e)(f) For each drug for which a pharmacy benefit manager establishes a
17	maximum allowable cost in order to determine the reimbursement rate, the
18	pharmacy benefit manager shall do all of the following:
19	(1) Make available, in a format that is readily accessible and
20	understandable by a pharmacist, the actual maximum allowable cost for each
21	drug and the source used to determine the maximum allowable cost, which

1	snail not be dependent upon individual beneficiary identification or benefit
2	stage.
3	(2) Update the maximum allowable cost at least once every seven
4	calendar days. In order to be subject to maximum allowable cost, a drug must
5	be widely available for purchase by all pharmacies in the State, without
6	limitations, from national or regional wholesalers and must not be obsolete or
7	temporarily unavailable.
8	(3) Establish or maintain a reasonable administrative appeals process to
9	allow a dispensing pharmacy provider to contest a listed maximum allowable
10	cost.
11	(4)(A) Respond in writing to any appealing pharmacy provider within
12	10 calendar days after receipt of an appeal, provided that, except as provided in
13	subdivision (B) of this subdivision (4), a dispensing pharmacy provider shall
14	file any appeal within 10 calendar days from the date its claim for
15	reimbursement is adjudicated.
16	(B) A pharmacy benefit manager shall allow a dispensing pharmacy
17	provider to appeal after the 10-calendar-day appeal period set forth in
18	subdivision (A) of this subdivision (4) if the prescription claim is subject to an
19	audit initiated by the pharmacy benefit manager or its auditing agent.
20	(5) For a denied appeal, provide the reason for the denial and identify
21	the national drug code and a Vermont-licensed wholesaler of an equivalent

1	drug product that may be purchased by contracted pharmacies at or below the
2	maximum allowable cost.
3	(6) For an appeal in which the appealing pharmacy is successful:
4	(A) make the change in the maximum allowable cost within 30
5	business days after the redetermination; and
6	(B) allow the appealing pharmacy or pharmacist to reverse and rebill
7	the claim in question.
8	(d)(g) A pharmacy benefit manager shall not:
9	(1) require a claim for a drug to include a modifier or supplemental
10	transmission, or both, to indicate that the drug is a 340B drug unless the claim
11	is for payment, directly or indirectly, by Medicaid; or
12	(2) restrict access to a pharmacy network or adjust reimbursement rates
13	based on a pharmacy's participation in a 340B contract pharmacy arrangement.
14	(h)(1) A pharmacy benefit manager or other third party that reimburses a
15	340B covered entity for drugs that are subject to an agreement under 42 U.S.C.
16	§ 256b through the 340B drug pricing program shall not reimburse the 340B
17	covered entity for pharmacy-dispensed drugs at a rate lower than that paid for
18	the same drug to pharmacies that are not 340B covered entities, and the
19	pharmacy benefit manager shall not assess any fee, charge-back, or other
20	adjustment on the 340B covered entity on the basis that the covered entity
21	participates in the 340B program as set forth in 42 U.S.C. § 256b.

1	(2) With respect to a patient who is eligible to receive drugs that are
2	subject to an agreement under 42 U.S.C. § 256b through the 340B drug pricing
3	program, a pharmacy benefit manager or other third party that makes payment
4	for the drugs shall not discriminate against a 340B covered entity in a manner
5	that prevents or interferes with the patient's choice to receive the drugs from
6	the 340B covered entity.
7	(i) If a pharmacy benefit manager denies a pharmacy's or pharmacist's
8	appeal in whole or in part and the reimbursement amount is less than the
9	pharmacy's reasonable acquisition cost plus a dispensing fee, the pharmacy or
10	pharmacist may submit a claim to the health insurer for the balance and the
11	health insurer shall reimburse the pharmacy or pharmacist that amount.
11	Health histirer shall reinhourse the pharmacy or pharmacist that amount.
12	(j) A pharmacy benefit manager shall not reimburse a pharmacy or
12	A pharmacy benefit manager shall not reimburse a pharmacy or
12 13	A pharmacy benefit manager shall not reimburse a pharmacy or pharmacist in this State an amount less than the amount the pharmacy benefit
12 13 14	A pharmacy benefit manager shall not reimburse a pharmacy or  pharmacist in this State an amount less than the amount the pharmacy benefit  manager reimburses a pharmacy benefit manager affiliate for providing the
12 13 14 15	(j) A pharmacy benefit manager shall not reimburse a pharmacy or pharmacist in this State an amount less than the amount the pharmacy benefit manager reimburses a pharmacy benefit manager affiliate for providing the same pharmacist services. The reimbursement amount shall be calculated on a
12 13 14 15 16	A pharmacy benefit manager shall not reimburse a pharmacy or pharmacist in this State an amount less than the amount the pharmacy benefit manager reimburses a pharmacy benefit manager affiliate for providing the same pharmacist services. The reimbursement amount shall be calculated on a per unit basis based on the generic product identifier or generic code number
12 13 14 15 16	A pharmacy benefit manager shall not reimburse a pharmacy or pharmacist in this State an amount less than the amount the pharmacy benefit manager reimburses a pharmacy benefit manager affiliate for providing the same pharmacist services. The reimbursement amount shall be calculated on a per unit basis based on the generic product identifier or generic code number and shall include a professional dispensing fee that shall be not less than the

1	(j) A pharmacy benefit manager shall not restrict, limit, or impose
2	requirements on a licensed pharmacy in excess of those set forth by the
3	Vermont Board of Pharmacy or by other State or federal law, nor shall it
4	withhold reimbursement for services on the basis of noncompliance with
5	participation requirements.
6	(k) A pharmacy benefit manager shall provide notice to all participating
7	pharmacies prior to changing its drug formulary.
8	Sec. 3. 18 V.S.A. § 3802 is amended to read:
9	§ 3802. PHARMACY RIGHTS DURING AN AUDIT
10	Notwithstanding any provision of law to the contrary, whenever a health
11	insurer, a third-party payer, or an entity representing a responsible party
12	conducts an audit of the records of a pharmacy, the pharmacy shall have a right
13	to all of the following:
14	* * *
15	(2) If an audit is to be conducted on-site at a pharmacy, the entity
16	conducting the audit:
17	(A) shall give the pharmacy at least 14 days' advance written notice
18	of the audit and the specific prescriptions to be included in the audit; and
19	(B) may shall not audit a pharmacy on Mondays or on weeks
20	containing a federal holiday, unless the pharmacy agrees to alternative timing
21	for the audit-; and

1	(3) Not to have an entity
2	(C) shall not audit claims that:
3	(A)(i) were submitted to the pharmacy benefit manager more than
4	18 months prior to the date of the audit, unless:
5	(i)(I) required by federal law; or
6	(ii)(II) the originating prescription was dated within the 24-
7	month period preceding the date of the audit; or
8	(B)(ii) exceed 200 selected prescription claims.
9	(3) If any audit is to be conducted remotely, the entity conducting the
10	audit:
11	(A) shall give the pharmacy at least seven business days following
12	the pharmacy's confirmation of receipt of the notice of the audit to respond to
13	the audit; and
14	(B) shall not audit claims that:
15	(i) were submitted to the pharmacy benefit manager more than
16	three months prior to the date of the audit or on a date earlier than that for
17	which the pharmacy could electronically retransmit a corrected claim; or
18	(ii) exceed five selected prescription claims.
19	* * *

1	(19) To have the preliminary audit report delivered to the pharmacy
2	within 60 30 days following the conclusion of the audit pharmacy's
3	preliminary response.
4	* * *
5	(21) To have a final audit report delivered to the pharmacy within 120
6	30 days after the end of the appeals period, as required by section 3803 of this
7	title.
8	* * *
9	(24) To have all payment data related to audited claims, including:
10	(A) payment amount;
11	(B) any direct and indirect remuneration (DIR) or generic effective
12	rate (GER) fees assessed or other financial offsets;
13	(C) date of electronic payment or check date and number;
14	(D) the specific contracted reimbursement basis for each claim,
15	including its basis, such as maximum allowable cost (MAC), wholesale
16	acquisition cost (WAC), average wholesale price (AWP), or average
17	manufacturer price (AMP); and
18	(E) the respective values used to calculate each claim payment.

1	Sec. 4. 8 V.S.A. § 4089j is amended to read:
2	§ 4089j. RETAIL PHARMACIES; FILLING OF PRESCRIPTIONS
3	(a) As used in this section:
4	***
5	(4) "Direct solicitation" means direct contact, including telephone,
6	computer, e-mail, instant messaging, or in-person contact, by a pharmacy
7	provider or its agent to a beneficiary of a plan offered by a health insurer
8	without the beneficiary's consent for the purpose of marketing the pharmacy
9	<del>provider's services.</del>
10	* * *
11	(d)(1) A health insurer or pharmacy benefit manager shall permit a
12	beneficiary of a plan offered by the health insurer to fill a prescription at the
13	pharmacy of the beneficiary's choice and, except with respect to pharmacies
14	owned or operated, or both, by a health care facility, as defined in 18
15	V.S.A. § 9432, shall not impose differential cost-sharing requirements based
16	on the choice of pharmacy or otherwise promote the use of one pharmacy over
17	another.
18	(2) A health insurer or pharmacy benefit manager shall permit a
19	participating network pharmacy to perform all pharmacy services within the
20	lawful scope of the profession of pharmacy as set forth in 26 V.S.A.
21	chapter 36.

1	(3) A health insurer or pharmacy benefit manager shall adhere to the
2	definitions of prescription drugs and the requirements and guidance regarding
3	the pharmacy profession established by State and federal law and the Vermont
4	Board of Pharmacy and shall not establish classifications of or distinctions
5	between prescription drugs, impose penalties on prescription drug claims,
6	attempt to dictate the behavior of pharmacies or pharmacists, or place
7	restrictions on pharmacies or pharmacists that are more restrictive than or
8	inconsistent with State or federal law or with rules adopted or guidance
9	provided by the Board of Pharmacy.
10	(4) A pharmacy benefit manager or licensed pharmacy shall not make a
11	direct solicitation to the beneficiary of a plan offered by a health insurer unless
12	one or more of the following applies:
13	(A) the beneficiary has given written permission to the supplier or the
14	ordering health care professional to contact the beneficiary regarding the
15	furnishing of a prescription item that is to be rented or purchased;
16	(B) the supplier has furnished a prescription item to the beneficiary
17	and is contacting the beneficiary to coordinate delivery of the item; or
18	(C) if the contact relates to the furnishing of a prescription item other
19	than a prescription item already furnished to the beneficiary, the supplier has
20	furnished at least one prescription item to the beneficiary within the 15-month
21	period preceding the date on which the supplier attempts to make the contact.

1	
2	(5) The provisions of this subsection shall not apply to Medicaid.
3	Sec. 5. DEPARTMENT OF FINANCIAL REGULATION; PHARMACY
4	BENEFIT MANAGEMENT; REPORT
5	(a) The Department of Financial Regulation, in consultation with
6	interested stakeholders, shall consider:
7	(1) whether pharmacy benefit managers should be required to be
8	licensed to operate in this State;
9	(2) whether pharmacy benefit managers should be prohibited from
10	conducting or participating in spread pricing;
11	(3) in collaboration with the Board of Pharmacy, whether any
12	amendments to the Board's rules are needed to reflect necessary
13	distinctions or appropriate limitations on pharmacist scope of practice;
14	(4) whether there should be a minimum dispensing fee that
15	pharmacy benefit managers and health insurers must pay to pharmacies
16	and pharmacists for dispensing prescription drugs;
17	(5) how a pharmacy should be reimbursed for a claim if a pharmacy
18	benefit manager denies a pharmacy's appeal in whole or in part, including
19	whether the pharmacy should be allowed to submit a claim to the health
20	insurer for the balance between the pharmacy benefit manager's

1	reimbursement and the pharmacy's reasonable acquisition cost plus a
2	dispensing fee;
3	(6) whether there is a problem in Vermont of pharmacies soliciting
4	health insurance plan beneficiaries directly to market the pharmacy's
5	services and, if so, how best to address the problem; and
6	(7) other issues relating to pharmacy benefit management and its
7	effects on Vermonters, on pharmacies and pharmacists, and on health
8	insurance in this State.
9	(b) On or before January 15, 2023, the Department of Financial
10	Regulation shall provide its findings and recommendations regarding the
11	issues described in subsection (a) of this section to the House Committee
12	on Health Care and the Senate Committees on Health and Welfare and on
13	Finance.
14	Sec. 6. APPLICABILITY
15	(a) The provisions of Sec. 1 of this act (18 V.S.A. chapter 221, subchapter
16	9, pharmacy benefit managers) shall apply to a contract or health plan issued,
17	offered, renewed, recredentialed, amended, or extended on or after the
18	effective date of this act, including any health insurer that performs claims
19	processing or other prescription drug or device services through a third party.
20	(b) A person doing business in this State as a pharmacy benefit manager on

1	effective date of this act to come into compliance with the provisions of Sec. 1
2	of this act (18 V.S.A. chapter 221, subchapter 9, pharmacy benefit managers).
3	Sec. 7. 2021 Acts and Resolves No. 74, Sec. E.227.2 is amended to read:
4	Sec. E.227.2 REPEAL
5	18 V.S.A. § 9473(d)(g) (pharmacy benefit managers; 340B entities) is
6	repealed on January 1, 2023 April 1, 2024.
7	Sec. 8. EFFECTIVE DATE
8	This act shall take effect on July 1, 2022.
9	
10	
11	
12	
13	
14	
15	
16	
17	
18	(Committee vote:)
19	
20	Representative
21	FOR THE COMMITTEE